

Secret Mixing Group Unmasked

Fledgling 'Vulture' ---

C-R Agent Flees In Big Rush

The hurried departure from the state by an "undercover" agent of the Federal Civil Rights Commission has left Mississippians chuckling.

For more than a week, the agent toured Mississippi, trying in vain to secure members for a state advisory committee to the Commission. The agent, George Harris of Calcutta, India, was under surveillance by newsmen during his entire stay.

But Harris didn't know this until a TV reporter knocked on his Jackson hotel room door March 13th. As soon as the agent learned his caller was a newsmen, he turned pale. Harris immediately started packing his bags, and a few hours later had boarded the first plane out of town headed for Houston.

While Harris was being interviewed during his hurried packing, he received a telephone call from one of his superiors in Washington. The reporter says Harris' boss seemed shocked to learn that Harris had been tracked down while on his secret mission, and was upset when informed that newsmen were aware of the reason for Harris' visit to Mississippi.

Harris described himself as the deputy special assistant to Civil Rights Commission staff director Gordon Tiffany. Harris said he was born in Calcutta, India, and attended schools in Virginia and South Carolina.

The not-so-secret agent said he had talked to about 45 Mississippians of both races in his unsuccessful attempt to secure five or six names for the state advisory committee. The state group would tell the Federal Civil Rights Commission the best ways to bring about racial integration in education, housing and voting.

Although he would not admit it, Harris obviously met with a stone wall of resistance. Most of the people he contacted were amused that they would be asked to serve on a race-mixing advisory group. Several of them were officers or directors of local Citizens' Councils.

Newsmen knew of Harris' trip to Mississippi even before he left Washington. But they agreed to say nothing and keep the agent under close observation during his travels through the state.

Harris said he wanted to line up a "balanced" advisory committee—that is, one composed of both whites and Negroes.

But all reports to date indicate that the only "balance" obtained by the Civil Rights sleuth in Mississippi was a balanced uniformity of refusals from citizens of both races.

(Editor's Note—Harris, coming from India, is no doubt familiar with that nation's caste system. But we'll bet he never thought that in Mississippi, HE would be an "untouchable"!)

Perhaps beginning to realize why his "top secret" Mississippi trip ended in failure, Harris admitted that he was impressed with the progress Negroes are making in the state under a system of total segregation.

He continued his hurried packing throughout the interview, and left Jackson on the first plane, still amazed that the cloak of Federal secrecy failed to hide his Mississippi activities.

So rapid was his departure that Harris was still wearing sports clothes. His only suit was still at the cleaners, and he wasn't about to wait for it!

(Editor's Note—We are most impressed with Harris' obvious lack of pride in his work; his unwillingness to conduct his search for his scalawag committee in the open; his timidity—even fear—once he was exposed to the public view! Come now, Harris, surely you've heard of Southern hospitality! You needn't have left Jackson so fast. In fact, a lot of folks were rather disappointed that you didn't give them an opportunity to escort you out of town. It would have been their pleasure.)

Two Things We Hate --
 Intolerance! and Southerners!



Javits Bill Opens Way For Mail Censorship

A proposal that would do credit to Khrushchev has been introduced in Congress by Sen. Jacob Javits (R-N.Y.).

Javits' bill, S. 125, would bar from the mail any matter, whether printed or handwritten, which interferes "with the execution of any Federal statute or with the decree, order, judgment or mandate of any Federal Court."

(Editor's Note—In other words, Sen. Javits would like to bar this publication from the mail, such as his "liberal" interpretation of the First Amendment to the Constitution. Funny thing about these "liberals." Just disagree with them, and you'll find out how "liberal" and "broadminded" they really are.)

Furthermore, should any patriotic

organization seek to raise money to combat a pro-Communist Supreme Court decision, Javits' bill provides that the group's mail will be stamped "Unlawful" and returned to the sender. In Javits' "liberal" mind, such a group would be engaged in "the solicitation of funds for certain unlawful activities."

Aside from the obvious attack on Constitutional freedom contained in the bill, there's also a more subtle plot. For, in order to determine if mail was "unlawful" under terms of this nefarious bill, the Post Office would be virtually compelled to open and censor all mail. Otherwise, how would they know? And the bill contains no restrictions as to whose mail may be examined. It could be yours.

L. A. Negro Judge Shows Prejudice In Reverse By Freeing 25 Negro Gamblers

"I think you are guilty . . . I dismiss these charges."

With these words, a Negro judge dismissed 25 Negro men for participation in an all-Negro gambling session. His reason: "There were no white men arrested." So goes Los Angeles justice. And Los Angeles city police and citizens are aroused.

Judge David Williams refused to hear the charges against the 25 Negro gamblers, saying, "You're probably guilty, but no more than Caucasian gamblers who go unarrested." The Negro judge said that he had sent a letter to Chief of Police William Parker complaining against the "discriminatory arrests of the people of his race."

(Editor's Note—One is tempted to wonder if the charges would have stuck if the gambling had been integrated.)

A rapid fire of answers came back from city officials. Councilman Karl Rundberg charged that vice and gambling were rampant throughout the city's Negro areas, and added, "If you want to see for yourself, I'll take you around and show you."

Chief Parker and City Attorney Roger Arnebergh are bringing the case before the Appellate Division of the Superior Court, seeking to re-

open the prosecution. Arnebergh states that there is no question of double jeopardy, since Williams refused to hear any testimony in the case.

Arnebergh also added that the Negro judge's statements about the case "raise a question of discretion which may be the subject of judicial review."

It is interesting to note that 52.8 per cent of all the major crimes in Los Angeles last year were committed by Negroes, although that race comprises only 12.6 per cent of the population of the city.

Nix Mix Fund Plea

In a heartening display of common-sense, the House Appropriations Committee has turned down an Administration request for a \$500,000 integration slush-fund, to send Federal marshals to enforce school integration.

One Congressman commented that the committee action apparently reflected this attitude: "Integration isn't working, so why pour sand down a rat-hole?"

CCD Members Listed; Meeting Report Secured

An undercover group whose sole purpose is to encourage mixing of the races at every opportunity has been unmasked.

The Consultative Conference on Desegregation (CCD for short) has been functioning for more than two years, coordinating the activities of a reported 40 member organizations.

Race agitators, South-haters, organized religions, labor unions, do-gooding "welfare" groups and Communist-tinged organizations are numbered among CCD's participating agencies.

CCD's activities on behalf of forced integration first came to light recently, when a copy of the minutes of a meeting held by the CCD's Mass Media Committee fell into the hands of a Southern newspaper.

The Richmond, Va., News Leader published the "secret" minutes in full, and the text also appears on page 4 of this issue of The Citizen's Council.

In printing the report, the News Leader commented editorially: "The document speaks for itself, and it should speak eloquently to white Southerners."

The paper also inquired why the CCD's Mass Media Committee found it necessary to shroud its activities in a cloak of secrecy. Had it not been for the opportune "leak" of a copy of the minutes, Southerners would be totally unaware of the existence of such a group, with a wide scope of race-mixing activities.

It took nearly a month after publication of the "secret" minutes to coax the CCD into revealing its affiliated organizations. Even then, only 29 of the "about 40" members were listed.

In a letter to the Associated Press, CCD secretary Arnold Aronson of 35 West 42nd St., New York, wrote:

"The Conference was formed a little over two years ago in order to further communication among organizations committed to facilitating orderly compliance with the constitutional requirements regarding desegregation."

As its name implies, the Conference is a mechanism for interconsultation and for an exchange of information, views and experiences among the participating organizations. The deliberations of the Conference are advisory only and are not binding on any organization.

"The Conference itself is not an operating agency. It does not engage in legislative activity nor does it take public actions or issue public statements."

(Editor's Note—Nor does it do anything else in the public view. Nor does it inform the public of its existence. Nor will its member agencies be at all happy to find their names printed below.)

Continuing from Aronson's letter: "The officers of the Conference are: Co-chairmen, Rev. Eugene Carson Blake, Department of Racial and Cultural Relations, National Council of the Churches of Christ in the U.S.A.; Very Rev. Maurice V. Shean, Catholic Committee of the South; Rabbi Abraham J. Feldman, Synagogue Council of America; Treasurer, Lewis M. Hoskins, American Friends Service Committee; Secretary, Arnold Aronson, National Community Relations Advisory Council."

African Mau Maus Having Troubles, Too

Not to be outdone by their American brethren, the Mau Maus of British Africa are holding their own secret meetings these days.

Details of a secret jungle meeting at which 150 natives plotted to massacre the area's white settlers have been reported to African police.

(Editor's Note—These Mau Maus are having a hard time keeping a secret anyplace these days!)

Mass arrests of natives followed the scheming session, while British and white colonial troops mobilized for action.

African troops led by white officers are patrolling native villages to break up terrorist-inspired gatherings and tear down roadblocks.

A crowd of 600 spear-carrying blacks met one Army patrol, but beat a hasty retreat when met by gunfire. One terrorist was killed, while another was sent to the local witch doctor for treatment of wounds.

sory Council. The Conference has no paid staff.

"Organizations which participate in the consultative processes include:

- American Civil Liberties Union
- Americans For Democratic Action
- American Friends Service Committee
- American Jewish Committee
- American Jewish Congress
- Anti Defamation League
- Board of National Missions, United Presbyterian Church in the U.S.A.
- Catholic Committee of the South
- Catholic Interracial Council
- Council for Social Action, Congregational Christian Churches
- Department of Racial and Cultural Relations, National Council of the Churches of Christ in the U.S.A.
- Department of Social Welfare, United Christian Missionary Society, Disciples of Christ
- Evangelical & Reformed Church, Commission on Christian Social Action
- Jewish Labor Committee
- National Association for the Advancement of Colored People
- National Board, YWCA
- National Community Relations Advisory Council
- National Council of Jewish Women
- National Council Protestant Episcopal Church, Division of Christian Citizenship
- National Sharecroppers Fund, Inc.
- National Social Welfare Assembly
- Southern Regional Council
- Synagogue Council of America
- Union of American Hebrew Congregations
- Unitarian Service Committee
- United Automobile Workers of America
- United Church Women
- United Steelworkers of America
- Women's Division of Christian Service of the Methodist Church

(Editor's Note—Read the above list. Then turn to page 4 and read the full text of the "secret" minutes. See what this group is trying to do. Then ask yourself—are you, either individually or through your church or other group, helping support this organization? Is your money being used to brainwash your own children?

It is not surprising to us that some of these agencies are connected with the CCD. In fact, we would be shocked if such alphabetical outfits as the ACLU, ADA, ADL, NAACP, SRC and UAW were not listed as participating members.

But we question whether there is a clear understanding in the South that such organizations as the YWCA, the Methodist Church, and similar groups are, as CCD states plainly, "committed to securing orderly compliance with the constitutional requirements regarding desegregation." We would advise Southern members of groups included in the above list to tell their local, regional and national officers—in unmistakably clear terms—just HOW committed to desegregation they feel, and just HOW committed they want their organizations to be. If this is done, we'll venture the guess that the next time CCD's affiliates are made public, the list will be conspicuously shorter.)

Official Publication of the CITIZENS' COUNCILS OF AMERICA

Published monthly at 813 Plaza Building, Jackson, Mississippi, by the
CITIZENS' COUNCILS OF AMERICA

Subscription \$2.00 a year—payable in advance.

Group Subscriptions \$1.00 per Member
(Minimum of 50)

BULK RATES—Parcel Post Prepaid.

100 Copies—\$10.00 a month—\$108.00 a year

250 Copies—\$20.00 a month—\$216.00 a year

500 Copies—\$37.50 a month—\$415.00 a year

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W. J. SIMMONS Editor

A Study In Brainwashing

On February 4, at the NAACP's headquarters in New York, the Mass Media Committee of the Consultative Conference on Desegregation had a meeting. This outfit, which calls itself CCD for short, was established by about 40 member organizations to coordinate activities in support of integrating whites and blacks.

To all intents and purposes, this was a routine meeting to tidy up several loose ends about the integration campaign, such as arranging for the distribution of comic strips, taking steps to rebuke the Associated Press and United Press International for referring to Negroes as Negroes, planting propaganda in Life magazine, setting up a "front" of church women, arranging for the desired public reaction of students to integrated public schools, clobbering Chet Huntley of NBC for a momentary deviation from the NAACP line, and so on. Just another day in the busy life of the modern mix-masters.

But there was something different about this meeting. A copy of the minutes came into the hands of the Richmond News Leader. These minutes have since been subjected to the full light of day in several other Southern newspapers. The Association of Citizens' Councils, Greenwood, Mississippi, has reprinted copies en masse.

It is safe to assume that this unforeseen shattering of its secrecy turned CCD's members' faces a uniform red, regardless of race, creed or color.

Members of Southern congregations, whose children are the targets of this group's race-mixing campaign, will be interested in noting that the officers of CCD include Dr. Eugene C. Blake, of the National Council of Churches; Rabbi Abraham Feldman, Synagogue Council of America; and Father Maurice Sheehan, of the Catholic Committee of the South.

For four years, we have tried to get across to our people the hard truth that this integration business did not "just happen." The Supreme Court did not just happen to decide on Black Monday, May 17, 1954, that the law requires schools, busses, parks, swimming pools and residential areas to be integrated. There is no such law.

What did happen, and what is happening, is illustrated here by the specific example of the CCD's minutes. We are confronted with the results of half a century of intensive work by a large number of inter-related pressure groups who kept driving with the skill and zeal of professional revolutionaries to gain their objectives.

In the face of these cold, harsh facts, how shallow it is for some wishful thinkers to pretend that the problem will go away if we will only do nothing. The NAACP and CCD will not allow it to go away. How stupid it is for "moderates" to maintain that "token" integration is the answer. Token integration is simply the opening wedge for NAACP and CCD to force massive integration. How fatuous it is to advocate "sitting down around the table and talking out our differences." Our differences are Racial Integrity vs. Mongrelization; State Sovereignty vs. Big Government; Individual Liberty vs. Dictatorship of the Bureaucrats. What is there to talk about? The contest is going to be determined by relative powers of will, resources and skill—not by treating with the enemy.

To be blunt—it's "them" or "us." And for their information, we don't intend for it to be "us."

It is simply a waste of time to oppose cold power with debate, theory or legalisms.

The only way—we repeat, the ONLY way—to defeat organized power is with organized power.

The time is now for the South to mobilize its total moral, financial, intellectual, and organizational resources, both public and private, and launch the kind of prolonged, massive counter-attack directly against the enemy that it will take to bring total victory within a reasonable time.

Integration Squeeze Play



South Carolina Councils Elect; Other State Groups Also Busy

S. C. OFFICERS NAMED

The South Carolina Association of Citizens' Councils has elected a new slate of officers.

John Adger Manning of Columbia was chosen chairman. Farley Smith of Lynchburg was appointed executive secretary. William Lowndes of Greenville was elected treasurer, and the Rev. M. A. Woodson of Olanta is chaplain and recording secretary. Dr. William A. Crossland of Timmonsville was re-elected vice-chairman.

The state executive committee is composed of one man from each of 14 districts.

In accepting his appointment as executive secretary, Smith pointed out that "present conditions make it imperative that we organize ourselves as an effective force to combat highly organized outside influences."

Smith continued, "When persecution, hypocrisy and stupidity tend to suppress the human mind and spirit, when the destruction of everything traditional becomes a dominating trend as in America today, men of good will regardless of race or creed must stand ready to work to the point of martyrdom to protect and preserve the fundamental principles of our constitutional form of government which has made America the greatest nation on this earth."

In praising the new slate of officers, the Charleston News and Courier said in an editorial:

"The race problem is too serious and too broad to leave to crackpots, do-gooders and ruffians. With the power of Federal courts and perhaps the U.S. Army mobilized against our state, the best citizens must come forward to plan a just and practical defense. Citizens' Councils offer a means of decently carrying out the wishes of the overwhelming majority of South Carolina people."

ACTION SLATED

The South Carolina Citizens' Councils have launched a statewide survey to determine what facilities are available for private schools, in the event public schools are closed by Federal court integration orders.

Volunteer workers will make the survey, listing the types of physical facilities that could be used for private schools in each community, how many children could be accommodated, and the number of teachers available.

South Carolina law provides that both white and Negro schools will be closed if a court issues an integration decree.

Executive secretary Farley Smith explained that no school integration pressure is expected in the state, but added:

"We have no intention whatever of making any compromise where the segregation of the races is concerned, no partial or token integration. We want to be prepared and carry out peacefully with as much order as possible the transition from public to private schools should that become necessary."

At last report, the survey was producing encouraging results, with sufficient space available to provide private white schools.

FLORIDA RALLY PLANNED

The Citizens' Councils of Florida are planning a rally in Orlando April 11, with Congressman Dale Alford of Arkansas the featured speaker. Dr. Alford will be introduced by the host Congressman, Rep. Syd Herlong (D-Fla.).

The rally will be held at the New Garden Club in North Orlando, at 8 p.m., April 11.

Dr. Alford drew a packed house in Jackson, Miss., last month when he addressed a mass meeting of the Jackson Citizens' Council. A crowd of 3,000 responded enthusiastically, and frequent Rebel yells punctuated Dr. Alford's explanation of the Communist influence behind the integration movement.

ALABAMA GOVERNOR CONFERS

A milestone in Alabama affairs was reached March 10, when Gov. John Patterson met in Montgomery with several hundred leaders of the Citizens' Council movement.

The conference marked the first time that an Alabama chief executive had met with Council officials to discuss racial problems in the state.

State Sen. Walter C. Givhan of Selma, recently elected state chairman of the Alabama Councils, hailed Patterson's recognition and support of the Council movement.

"It is my intention to see the Citizens' Council movement organized on a grass roots level in every Alabama county," Givhan said, "and with the governor behind us I am sure we can do it."

Patterson's remarks to the Council delegates were on an "off-the-record" basis, since the governor discussed his plans to defeat any integration attempts.

NO MORE COPIES

The author of a book on the race issue says he's sorry, but the book is sold out and no more copies are available.

Earnest Sevier Cox of Richmond, Va., author of "White America," reports that a number of orders have been received recently, but he has no more copies of the book, and is returning all checks.

"White America" was included on the list of suggested reference material for the Mississippi essay contest sponsored by the Citizens' Councils.

ESSAY CONTEST CHANGES

The essay contest sponsored by the Educational Fund of the Citizens' Councils for Mississippi high school students is well underway, with a large number of entries reported from all parts of the state.

Mrs. Sara McCorkle, director of the contest, announced two clarifications of the contest rules.

The two state winners—a boy and a girl—will each receive \$500 cash prizes, rather than college scholarships, as previously announced.

In all areas where local Citizens' Councils are awarding cash prizes for local entries, the judging will be done on a local basis. The first-prize paper will then be entered in state judging.

Where no local contest is being held, school principals should mail all contest papers direct to the Councils' Greenwood office before May 1.

Report From Tennessee

By Richard Burrow, Jr.

Chattanooga — Voters of this East Tennessee city have stated in no uncertain terms that they want their city schools to remain segregated, regardless of the cost.

This was borne out when S. Dean Petersen, principal of Red Bank High School, scored a nearly 2-to-1 triumph over Robert E. Biggers, Sr., in the race for city commissioner of health and education.

The Petersen-Biggers contest gained significance when Petersen announced a strong all-out stand for school segregation. The losing candidate, Biggers, who quit the city school board to make the race, countered by saying maintenance of the public schools came first.

Memphis — The Shelby County chapter of the Tennessee Federation for Constitutional Government has recently held a series of meetings aimed at expanding the chapter's membership, secretary-treasurer Warren S. Webb reports.

The fact that there is no integration at any level in Memphis attests to the effectiveness of this local organization.

Nashville — The Tennessee General Assembly has passed several bills dealing with States Rights and segregation. Among these is an act giving parents permission to withdraw their children from an integrated school. The measure provides that a school district may receive state financial aid, even though compulsory school attendance laws are not enforced.

Also, Gov. Buford Ellington has signed a resolution asking Tennessee's Congressional delegation to support the Talmadge Amendment to the U.S. Constitution, which would place all public schools under local control.

In other States' Rights action, the Legislature went on record in favor of retaining unlimited debate in the U. S. Senate.

The most important blow struck on behalf of the American Way of Life was a resolution directing that suit be filed to revoke the tax-exempt charter of the notorious Highlander Folk School at Monteagle, Tenn. The resolution was overwhelmingly approved by the Legislature after a special investigation of reported subversive activities at the Grundy County institution.

The resolution directs the district attorney general to file the revocation suit on grounds that Highlander has misused and abused its tax-exempt charter.

The Legislative investigating committee reported, in part:

"A great deal of circumstantial evidence, which is competent, was unfolded before the Committee . . . to the effect that the 'School' is a meeting-place for known Communists or fellow-travelers."

"Within the last several years, there have been people directly connected with the 'School,' either as members of its Board of Directors or as Trustees or as visitors or guest lecturers or entertainers who have in their past history a long association with Communist-front organizations which have been branded as subversive by either the U.S. Attorney General or by various Committees and subcommittees of the United States Congress investigating Un-American activities."

"Some of these people are James Dombrowski, Abner W. Berry, Martin Luther King, Donald L. West, John B. Thompson, Aubrey Williams, Pete Seiger and others. It is significant that no witness other than Myles Horton (the director of Highlander) had ever seen the American flag fly over this 'School' in the 26 years of its existence, and he only on a few occasions."

The committee brought out the fact that since 1940, the school had directed its attention towards implementing racial integration.

"The 'School' seems to be more interested in the questions that bring about community unrest and chaos, rather than in the advancement of the science and arts of education," the Committee added.

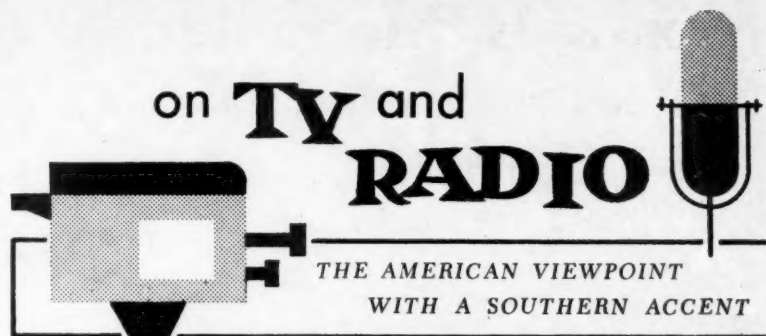
The connection between the Communist conspiracy and race-mixing efforts is too well known to require further outlining here.

GREENWOOD OFFICE MOVES

The Association of Citizens' Councils of Mississippi has moved its state office to a new address in Greenwood. The new office is just around the corner from the old location, and provides considerably more space for the Councils' rapidly-expanding activities.

The new address:
Association of Citizens' Councils
of Mississippi
115 Howard Street
Greenwood, Mississippi

CITIZENS' COUNCIL FORUM



TELEVISION

- ALABAMA**
Dothan—WTVY (TV) Channel 9, Wednesday 10 p.m.
Montgomery — WCOV-TV Channel 20, Sunday afternoon.
- ARKANSAS**
Little Rock—KATV (TV) Channel 7, Monday 6:15 p.m.
- ILLINOIS**
Harrisburg — WSIL-TV Channel 3, Monday 2:15 p.m.
- LOUISIANA**
Lafayette — KLFY-TV Channel 10, Schedule not received.
New Orleans — WVUE-TV Channel 13, Sunday 6 p.m.
- MINNESOTA**
Duluth — WDSM-TV Channel 6, Sunday 10:15 a.m.
- MISSISSIPPI**
Columbus — WCBI-TV Channel 4, Friday 5:45 p.m.
Jackson — WLBT (TV) Channel 3, Sunday 3:45 p.m.
Jackson — WJTV (TV) Channel 12, Sunday 11:15 p.m.
- MONTANA**
Glendive — KXGN-TV Channel 5, Schedule not received.
- SOUTH CAROLINA**
Anderson — WAIM-TV Channel 40, Sunday 1:30 p.m.
- VIRGINIA**
Richmond—WTVR (TV) Channel 6, Monday 6:30 p.m.
- WYOMING**
Casper—KSPR-TV Channel, 6 Schedule not received.

- KENTUCKY**
Madisonville — WFMW (730 kc.) Friday 6:15 p.m.
Mayfield — WNGO (1320 kc.) Sunday 2:15 p.m.
Prestonsburg — WDOC (1310 kc.) Sunday 1:15 p.m.
Vanceburg—WKKS (1570 kc.) Monday 2:15 p.m.
Whitesburg WTCW (920 kc.) Sunday 4:45 p.m.
Winchester — WWKY (1380 kc.) Sunday 10:45 a.m.
- LOUISIANA**
Homer — KVHL (1320 kc.) Sunday 1 p.m.
Houma — KCIL (1490 kc.) Sunday 5:15 p.m.
Jonesville — KLEC (1480 kc.) Sunday 8:45 p.m.
Opelousas — KSLO (1230 kc.) Friday 6:30 p.m.
West Monroe — KUZN (1310 kc.) Saturday 12 noon.
- MASSACHUSETTS**
Westfield — WDEW (1570 kc.) Saturday 5 p.m.
- MISSISSIPPI**
Lincoln — WPRC (1370 kc.) Wednesday 12:45 p.m.
Mattoon — WLBH (1170 kc.) Sunday 5:30 p.m.
- KENTUCKY**
Macon — WMBC (1400 kc.) Sunday 12:15 p.m.
McComb — WAPF (980 kc.) Saturday 8 a.m.
Natchez — WMIS (1240 kc.) Sunday 3 p.m.
Newton — WBKN (1410 kc.) Tuesday 11:45 a.m.
Oxford—WSUH (1240 kc.) Sunday 1 p.m.
Philadelphia — WHOC (1490 kc.) Sunday 2:45 p.m.
Starkville — WSSO (1230 kc.) Saturday 6:45 a.m.
Tupelo — WELO (1490 kc.) Sunday 12:30 p.m.
Tupelo — WTUP (1380 kc.) Sunday 8:15 a.m.
West Point — WROB (1450 kc.) Wednesday 6:15 p.m.
Winona — WONA (1570 kc.) Sunday 12:30 p.m.
Yazoo City — WAZF (1230 kc.) Thursday 12:30 p.m.
- MISSOURI**
Clinton — KDKD (1280 kc.) Schedule not received.
- MONTANA**
Glendive — KXGN (1400 kc.) Schedule not received.
- NEBRASKA**
Chadron — KCSR (1450 kc.) Sunday 2 p.m.
Holdrege — KUVR (1380 kc.) Schedule not received.
- NEW JERSEY**
Vineland—WWBZ (1360 kc.) Monday 7 p.m.
- NEW YORK**
Jamestown—WJTN (1240 kc.) Tuesday 8:15 p.m.
- NORTH CAROLINA**
Albemarle—WZKY (1580 kc.) Saturday 9:45 a.m.
Kinston — WISP (1230 kc.) Sunday 9:45 a.m.
Lexington—WBUY (1440 kc.) Wednesday 7 p.m.
Reidsville — WREV (1220 kc.) Wednesday 1 p.m.
Washington — WOOW (1340 kc.) Wednesday 1:45 p.m.
- OHIO**
Chillicothe—WBEX (1490 kc.) Sunday 6:45 p.m.
Dover — WJER (1450 kc.) Sunday 9:45 p.m.
Massillon — WTIG (990 kc.) Sunday 12:30 p.m.

- OKLAHOMA**
Enid — KCRC (1390 kc.) Monday 6:30 p.m.
McAlester — KTMC (1400 kc.) Sunday 5:15 p.m.
- PENNSYLVANIA**
Altoona — WRTA (1430 kc.) Saturday 6:15 p.m.
Williamsport — WLYC (1050 kc.) Sunday 6:15 p.m.
- SOUTH CAROLINA**
Belton — WHPB (1390 kc.) Sunday 12:15 p.m.
Bennettsville — WBSC (1550 kc.) Saturday 5:45 p.m.
Florence — WJMX (970 kc.) Saturday 6:15 p.m.
Greenville — WMU (1260 kc.) Schedule not received.
Lancaster — WLCM (1360 kc.) Sunday 6:15 p.m.
Laurens — WLBG (860 kc.) Sunday 1:05 p.m.
Orangeburg — WDIX (1150 kc.) Saturday 7 p.m.
Sumter — WSSC (1340 kc.) Saturday 4:45 p.m.
- SOUTH DAKOTA**
Mobridge—KOLY (1300 kc.) Wednesday 4 p.m.
- TENNESSEE**
Crossville — WAEW (1330 kc.) Saturday 11 a.m.
Manchester — WMSR (1320 kc.) Sunday 1:30 p.m.
Milan — WKBJ (1600 kc.) Sunday 3 p.m.
Murfreesboro — WGNS (1450 kc.) Sunday 9 p.m.
Sparta — WSMT (1050 kc.) Friday 1 p.m.
Union City — WTUC (1580 kc.) Saturday 8:30 a.m., Sunday 1:45 p.m.
Winchester — WCDT (1340 kc.) Sunday 5:45 p.m.
- TEXAS**
Atlanta — KALT (900 kc.) Friday 2:45 p.m.
Brownsville — KBOR (1600 kc.) Tuesday 8 p.m.
Carthage — KGAS (1590 kc.) Sunday 12:45 p.m.
Edinburg — KURV (710 kc.) Sunday 9:30 p.m.
Gainesville — KGAF (1580 kc.) Sunday 5:15 p.m.
Kermit — KERB (600 kc.) Saturday 5 p.m.
Levelland — KLVT (1230 kc.) Sunday 12:45 p.m.
Littlefield — KVOW (1490 kc.) Saturday 4:30 p.m.
Pasadena — KRCT (650 kc.) Sunday 12:45 p.m.
Terrell — KTER (1570 kc.) Monday 6:30 p.m.
- VIRGINIA**
Falls Church — WFAZ (1220 kc.) Sunday 12:30 p.m.
Fredericksburg — WFVA (1230 kc.) Saturday 7 p.m.
Gloucester — WDDY (1420 kc.) Sunday 12:45 p.m.
Norfolk — WLOW (1400 kc.) Schedule not received.
Richmond—WMBG (1380 kc.) Sunday 10 p.m.
South Boston — WHLF (1400 kc.) Sunday 5:45 p.m.
Virginia Beach — WBOF (1600 kc.) Sunday 3:15 p.m.
- WASHINGTON**
Pullman — KOFE (1150 kc.) Monday 12:45 p.m.
Yakima — KIMA (1460 kc.) Saturday 8:15 p.m.
- WEST VIRGINIA**
Morgantown — WAJR (1440 kc.) Monday 7:05 p.m.
New Martinsville—WETZ (1330 kc.) Sunday 3 p.m.
Parkersburg — WCEF (1050 kc.) Thursday

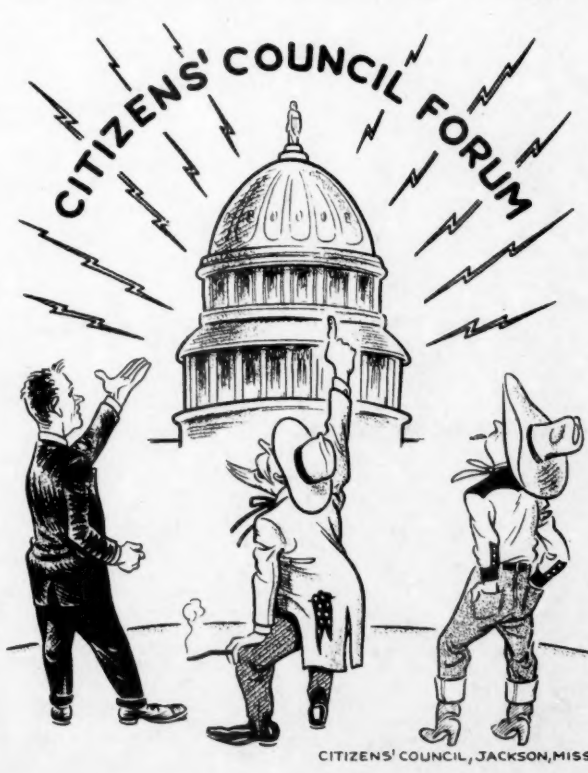
RADIO

- ALABAMA**
Athens — WJOF (1000 kc.) Sunday 6 p.m.
Bay Minette — WBCA (1150 kc.) Saturday 2 p.m.
Dothan — WDIG (1450 kc.) Wednesday 6:15 p.m.
Evergreen — WBLO (1470 kc.) Sunday 2 p.m.
Jackson—WTHG (1290 kc.), Saturday.
Russellville — WWWR (920 kc.) Tuesday 4:45 p.m.
- ALASKA**
Sitka — KIFW (1230 kc.) Monday 7:30 p.m.
- ARIZONA**
Bisbee — KSUN (1230 kc.) Sunday 8:30 p.m.
Safford — KGLU (1480 kc.) Tuesday 5:45 p.m.
- ARKANSAS**
Benton — KBBA (690 kc.) Thursday 7:35 a.m.
Helena — KFFA (1360 kc.) Monday 9 p.m.
Little Rock — KTHS (1090 kc.) Sunday 7:15 p.m.
Monticello—WHBM (1430 kc.) Sunday 5:10 p.m.
- CALIFORNIA**
El Centro — KICO (1490 kc.) Saturday 8:15 p.m.
Needles—KSFE (1340 kc.) Wednesday 6:30 p.m.
Ridgecrest — KRCK (1360 kc.) Saturday 12 noon.
- COLORADO**
Canon City — KRLN (1400 kc.) Tuesday 5:45 p.m.
Greeley — KFEK (1310 kc.) Thursday 6:30 p.m.
- DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA**
Washington area — WFAX (1220 kc.) Sunday 12:30 p.m.
- FLORIDA**
Avon Park — WAUP (1390 kc.) Schedule not received.
Crestview — WJSB (1050 kc.) Wednesday 8:45 a.m.
Daytona Beach — WDAT (1590 kc.) Sunday 5 p.m.
Fernandina Beach — WFBF (1570 kc.) Schedule not received.
Live Oak—WNER (1250 kc.) Wednesday 5:45 p.m.
Kissimmee—WRWB (1220 kc.) Schedule not received.
St. Augustine — WFOY (1240 kc.) Friday 8 p.m.
- GEORGIA**
Alma — WCQS (1400 kc.) Schedule not received.
Atlanta — WAGA (590 kc.) Schedule not received.
Atlanta — WYZE (1480 kc.) Sunday 7 p.m.
Bremen—WWCC (1440 kc.) Wednesday 1:30 p.m.
Calhoun — WCCA (900 kc.) Thursday 3:15 p.m.
Cordele — WMJM (1490 kc.) Schedule not received.
Covington — WGFS (1430 kc.) Saturday 9:45 a.m.
Dalton — WRCD (1430 kc.) Saturday 7 a.m.
Griffin — WHIE (1320 kc.) Sunday 6 p.m.
Monroe — WMRE (1490 kc.) Saturday 12:30 p.m.
Valdosta — WGAF (910 kc.) Tuesday 7:30 p.m.
Winder — WIMO (1300 kc.) Monday 10:45 a.m.
- IDAHO**
Coeur D'Alene — KVNI (1240 kc.) Sunday 4 p.m.
- ILLINOIS**
Belleville — WIBV (1260 kc.) Saturday 4:45 p.m.
Danville — WITY (980 kc.) Friday 6:45 p.m.

- MISSISSIPPI**
Aberdeen — WMPA (1240 kc.) Friday 5:30 p.m.
Booneville — WBIP (1400 kc.) Monday 1:15 p.m.
Brookhaven — WJMB (1340 kc.) Wednesday 2:15 p.m.
Canton — WDOB (1370 kc.) Thursday 10:00 a.m.
Clarksdale—WROX (1450 kc.) Monday 12:15 p.m.
Cleveland — WCLD (1490 kc.) Sunday 5:45 p.m.
Columbia — WCJU (1450 kc.) Monday 7:45 a.m.
Columbus — WACR (1050 kc.) Friday 12 noon.
Forest — WMAG (860 kc.) Sunday 7:15 a.m.
Greenwood — WGRM (1240 kc.) Monday 9:05 p.m.
Indianola — WNLA (1380 kc.) Sunday 1 p.m.
Jackson—WJDX (620 kc.) Saturday 12:45 p.m.
Kosciusko — WKOZ (1350 kc.) Sunday 12 noon.
Louisville — WLSM (1270 kc.) Saturday 12:45 p.m.
- MISSOURI**
Aberdeen — WMPA (1240 kc.) Friday 5:30 p.m.
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Kosciusko — WKOZ (1350 kc.) Sunday 12 noon.
Louisville — WLSM (1270 kc.) Saturday 12:45 p.m.

- MISSOURI**
Clinton — KDKD (1280 kc.) Schedule not received.
- MONTANA**
Glendive — KXGN (1400 kc.) Schedule not received.
- NEBRASKA**
Chadron — KCSR (1450 kc.) Sunday 2 p.m.
Holdrege — KUVR (1380 kc.) Schedule not received.
- NEW JERSEY**
Vineland—WWBZ (1360 kc.) Monday 7 p.m.
- NEW YORK**
Jamestown—WJTN (1240 kc.) Tuesday 8:15 p.m.
- NORTH CAROLINA**
Albemarle—WZKY (1580 kc.) Saturday 9:45 a.m.
Kinston — WISP (1230 kc.) Sunday 9:45 a.m.
Lexington—WBUY (1440 kc.) Wednesday 7 p.m.
Reidsville — WREV (1220 kc.) Wednesday 1 p.m.
Washington — WOOW (1340 kc.) Wednesday 1:45 p.m.
- OHIO**
Chillicothe—WBEX (1490 kc.) Sunday 6:45 p.m.
Dover — WJER (1450 kc.) Sunday 9:45 p.m.
Massillon — WTIG (990 kc.) Sunday 12:30 p.m.

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Mixing Is Unpopular, Educators Tell CRC

The Carpetbag Conference held by the Federal Civil Rights Commission in Nashville, Tenn., March 5 and 6 produced several surprising statements, none of which were calculated to please the Commission.

The Commission called the meeting of border-state educators to learn the best ways of promoting school integration. Instead, they heard a steady lament from assorted educationists, who told the Commission, in summary, that their experience with desegregation indicates that the Supreme Court will have to wait a long time—if ever—before compliance with its "all deliberate speed" integration order is secured.

Dr. Carl F. Hansen, superintendent of schools in Washington, D. C., told the Commission that "incidents of social mal-function seem to be higher among Negroes than among whites."

(Editor's Note — "Social mal-function" is a polite way of referring to stabbings, rapes, shootings, and other minor acts of misconduct by students in the nation's "integrated showcase.")

Hansen said 74 per cent of Washington's school enrollment is Negro, and that whites are leaving the city "due to integration."

Another bombshell was tossed by the host city's school head. Nashville superintendent William H. Oliver said Negroes "are not interested in complete integration, nor do they desire it."

"I should say that the one big problem is that mixing of the races in the public schools is contrary to the will of the majority of the people," Oliver added, "and that cannot be ignored."

Schools in Nashville are being integrated a grade at a time.

Other reports came from Hugh Bryan, head of the Leavenworth, Kans., schools, who told of "slow progress."

Bryan admitted that his Midwest city has transferred only 140 Negroes

to white schools in the past five years, and added "I think we're moving about as fast as the community will accept."

At Muskogee, Okla., assistant superintendent Claude C. Harris explained, the problem of integration was solved by setting up one all-Negro high school and one white high school "with limited integration." Muskogee's schools are only 20 per cent Negro, and with most Negroes in all-Negro schools, the "limited" integration must be "limited" indeed.

A similar report came from San Angelo, Tex., superintendent G. B. Wadzeck, who boasted of his successful "integration" of a 10 per cent Negro enrollment.

And Miss Mary O'Brien, school superintendent in Pinal County, Ariz., said that although integration went along smoothly, "some of our Negro teachers are being let go."

(Editor's Note: This, of course, in line with the "liberal" double standard which welcomes integrated classrooms, providing the faculty remains all white.)

Louisville, Ky., superintendent Omer Carmichael said "we don't think it's quite time yet" for integrated faculties, leaving some newsmen with the distinct impression that it never would be "quite time."

Needless to say, Deep South school officials were conspicuous by their absence from the Nashville Mixology Meet, even though the Commission had thoughtfully arranged for their protection by banning photographers from the sessions.

In summarizing the two days of plotting, the Associated Press reported: "None of the Deep South states was represented. But all the educators present reported some opposition to integration."

Thus, the Commission heard firsthand that despite the professional bleeding-hearts and propaganda experts, forced race mixing is definitely unpopular throughout the nation.

State Can't Be Sued In C-R Vote Cases, Federal Court Rules

A Justice Department suit against the State of Alabama has been dismissed by a Federal district judge, on grounds that the 1957 Federal Civil Rights Act did not give the government authority to sue a state for alleged violations of Negro voting "rights."

Judge Frank M. Johnson, Jr., handed down the historic ruling in Montgomery, Ala., March 6.

Judge Johnson held that a study of the legislative history of the Civil Rights Act showed it to be a "compromise" measure.

Alabama officials promptly hailed the ruling as "the greatest decision made in the past five years" on the integration question.

The suit was the second filed by the Justice Department's Civil Rights division. It charged that Negroes were systematically denied the vote in Macon County, Ala. The first suit, involving similar allegations against Terrell County, Ga., is still pending.

Judge Johnson wrote in his opinion, "This court judicially knows that the Civil Rights Act of 1957 was a compromise measure and that the compromise reflected an intention on the part of Congress to give limited

authority as opposed to full and complete authority."

"A reading of the legislative history of this Act impresses this court with the fact that if it had been mentioned that this act authorized the United States to sue a state for preventive relief, the Act would not have been passed."

Johnson also dismissed the suit on grounds that the absence of any members of the Macon County board of voting registrars left no one who could legally be sued under the Civil Rights Act.

Grady Rogers and E. P. Livingston resigned from the board last year, and the third board member had died earlier.

Federal attorneys promptly announced plans for an appeal. Alabama Governor John Patterson called the decision "a victory for the people and our Constitutional form of government, which reaffirms the fact that we have a government of laws and not of men."

D. C. Paper Complains..

Sometimes, even the most hardened newspaper reporters feel like crying. It happened recently in Washington, D. C.

Harry Eugene Fuller, 29 year old Negro, has a fine record of house-breaking, resisting arrest, and at least three assaults. He paid a \$10 fine for one assault, he was jailed for six months on another — this after an abortive escape from a city officer — and he was sentenced last June to one year in the penitentiary for the third.

This last sentence was suspended by a "kind-hearted" judge on the provision that Fuller pay the hospital bill of his third victim and "behave himself."

Fuller behaved himself in typical fashion. He went out and killed a police officer who had a wife and three young children.

Now the Washington papers are crying, "Why was this man at large?" Let's hope this cry does some good.

..and Complains Again

Washington is being integrated "right back into segregation" as the whites move out because the Negroes are moving in.

This wailing complaint comes from the Washington Post, one of the most ardent pro-integration newspapers in the country . . . until the wind changed.

According to the Post, "the present problem arises because the District proper is moving very rapidly toward becoming a largely Negro city. We do not think that this sort of imbalance is good for the white or the colored race. Certainly it is not good for the National Capital or for the District as a civic community."

Minutes of the Last Meeting ---

Mixers Plot New Strategy In Hush-Hush N. Y. Session; Official Document Lists Aims

Southern counter-espionage paid off again when a behind-the-scenes propaganda agency in New York held its February meeting.

The Consultative Conference on Desegregation, known as the CCD for short, has a Mass Media Committee whose job it is to influence the press, TV, radio, magazines and press associations in behalf of race-mixing. The committee meets in secret.

A copy of the minutes of the February session found their way to the Richmond, Va., News Leader, which published them in full. Reprints are being distributed by the Association of Citizens' Councils, Greenwood, Miss.

Here, beginning with a note from the News Leader's editor, are the "minutes of the last meeting":

● About two and half years ago, we are advised on inquiry to the Associated Press in New York, a group of national organizations quietly established the Consultative Conference on Desegregation. This body, known as the CCD, has shunned publicity and has issued no statements. It is comprised today of "about 40" member organizations. Its purpose is to coordinate activities in support of racial integration. The officers include Dr. Eugene C. Blake, of the National Council of Churches; Rabbi Abraham Feldman, Synagogue Council of America; and Father Maurice Sheehan, of the Catholic Committee of the South, all of whom serve as co-chairmen. The executive director is Arnold Aronson, of the National Community Relations Advisory Council. Lewis Hoskins, of the American Friends Service Committee, is treasurer.

The CCD's "Mass Media Committee" met in New York on February 4. A copy of the committee's minutes recently came into our hands. It is reproduced verbatim below. Readers will find the minutes an absorbing account, we believe, of how a pressure group works.

—EDITOR.

Minutes of the Mass Media Committee of the Consultative Conference on Desegregation

Wednesday, February 4, 1959

PRESENT: Arnold Aronson, National Community Relations Advisory Council; Gunther Lawrence, Union of American Hebrew Congregations; Henry Moon, National Association for the Advancement of Colored People; Alex Morisey, American Friends Service Committee; Guichard Parris, National Urban League; Alan Reitman, American Civil Liberties Union; Ed White, United Steelworkers of America; Chairman, Ali Bernheim, American Jewish Committee; Secretary, Harry Fleischman, National Labor Service.

The next meeting of the Mass Media Committee will be held on Wednesday, March 18, 1959 from 9:30 a.m. to 12 noon at the NAACP, 20 West 40th Street, New York, New York.

Put this on your calendar and please call or write to let us know whether or not you plan to attend.

1. Approximately 15,000 copies of *Pogo and the Speakeasy Schools*, a reprint of Walt Kelly's comic strips on that subject, will be published by the National Labor Service of the American Jewish Committee, the Southern Regional Council, the Anti-Defamation League, the American Friends Service Committee, and six AFL-CIO unions. Sample copies will be distributed to CCD agencies.

2. A letter was received from Herman Long, of Fisk University, Director, Race Relations Department, Congregational Christian Churches, mentioning that race labeling has begun to appear widely in wire service stories in the newspapers. It was agreed that Alan Reitman would talk with officials of Associated Press, United Press International and Editor and Publisher concerning this matter.

3. Reitman agreed to contact Life magazine again concerning a proposed article on the role of the clergy in the South in supporting law and equality.

4. The American Friends Service Committee is sponsoring a pamphlet on American Race Relations, which will be published by the University of Oklahoma Press. Agencies interested in quantities of the pamphlet should write to Alex Morisey, American Friends Service Committee, 1201 Chestnut St., Philadelphia 7, Pennsylvania.

5. The Southern Regional Council reported that it will reprint the *Arkansas Gazette* report on the effect of the desegregation controversy on economic conditions in Arkansas. Sample copies will be sent to all CCD agencies.

6. The National Urban League has prepared an attractive 11x14 illustrated pamphlet, "Half a Life,"

in connection with Equal Opportunity Day. Copies are being sent to CCD agencies.

7. The Turnpike Press has just published as a 24 page pamphlet, *The Truth About Desegregation In Washington's Schools*, which first appeared as a series of articles in the *Washington Post* by Erwin Knoll. The series is an excellent survey of progress in the Washington schools and should be helpful in countering the vicious propaganda being spread by Governor Faubus of Arkansas and other Southern segregationist leaders. Single copies are 15c postpaid; 10 copies or more 10c each postpaid; 100 copies or more 7½c postpaid; 500 copies or more 5c each plus shipping charges. Please order from the Turnpike Press, Annandale, Virginia.

8. A group of organizations in Miami, under the leadership of the United Church Women, have conducted a Community Audit in connection with United Nations Human Rights Day. Copies of the folder describing the Community Audit are being mailed to all CCD agencies.

9. Pro-segregation ads have appeared in *The New York Times*, January 5, 1959 and in the *Wall Street Journal*, February 9, 1959 under the signature of Carleton Putnam, who describes himself as a distinguished New Englander. Putnam, a Board member of Delta Airlines, has set up a Putnam Letter Committee in Birmingham, Alabama to solicit contributions to reprint his letter as an ad in additional Northern newspapers. When a similar ad was placed by Louisiana segregation leaders in the *N. Y. Herald Tribune* in February 1958, we urged CCD member agencies to alert their local units to such ads and ask them to check with editors and publishers about the problem. When such ads appear in Northern papers, it would be helpful if Southerners would write dissenting letters to the editors analyzing the misstatements and errors in the ads. Where such ads appear, editors should be asked to include editorials rebutting the segregation thesis advanced in the ads, or at least run news articles (in the same issue carrying the ads) quoting opponents of segregation.

10. Integration — a Challenge To The Social Agency, a 25-page report of a Workshop conducted by the National Social Welfare Assembly's Committee on Intergroup Relations, features discussion of case histories in hiring Negro social workers, establishing integrated programs, problems of loss of financial support by pro-integration agencies, achieving community acceptance, developing national and local policy on integration, etc. Copies of the Workshop Report are available at 75c each from the National Social Welfare Assembly, 345 East 46th Street, New York 17, N. Y.

11. Papers throughout the nation carried an Associated Press Wirephoto February 2 and 3, showing a lone Negro boy in Maury High School Auditorium in Norfolk, Va.—apparently shunned by his classmates. An article in the *New York Post* February 3 reported that the photo was phony. Photographers had beckoned the Negro boy up front and took the picture. A minute later, the seats around him were filled and other kids were asking him if he could play basketball or football. By then the photographers had gone. It was agreed that it would be useful if editors throughout the country who used the photo would query A.P. on the alleged irresponsible reporting, and also bring this to the attention of Editor and Publisher magazine.

12. Alan Reitman agreed to suggest to *The New York Times* that it carry a story concerning the reactions of students who have returned to desegregated public schools from private schools and tutoring classes. It was felt that such a human interest story might make the comparison more meaningful, even in the South. Henry Moon agreed to suggest the same kind of stories for the educational pages of *Time* and *Newsweek*.

13. Members of the Committee expressed great indignation over the way in which Chet Huntley had called for virtual suicide by the NAACP on his program on *The Second Agony Of Atlanta*. It was suggested that the February 8, 1959 program ought to include a genuine moderate, who recognizes the importance of the role of the NAACP in the desegregation issue. This it was felt, could effectively explode the Huntley thesis that Southern moderates were only awaiting NAACP abdication to rise up in their might to support orderly desegregation. NAACP attempts to arrange for the inclusion on the program of such a moderate were unavailing. (Fortunately, Roy Wilkins did such a tremendous job on the February 8, 1959 NBC program with Chet Huntley and Thomas Waring, editor of the *Charleston, S. C. News and Courier*, that he removed a good deal of the sting from the Huntley thesis.)

Respectfully submitted,
Harry Fleischman
Secretary
Mass Media Committee, CCD.

HF/hw
MIMCCD

'Fruits of Integration' ---

Interracial Crime, Sex, Dope, Vice Rings Exposed

A sordid tale of teen-age dope and sex was unfolded in Little Rock recently.

Governor Orval Faubus called the ring "the fruits of integration."

So far, police have arrested five Negroes, all over 21, and seven white boys and girls, all in their teens. According to the state police, the Negroes were supplying marijuana for the white teenagers to smoke in their (the Negroes') apartments. Both whites and Negroes took part in the sex orgies which followed.

Faubus said that while the names of the teenagers involved were being withheld, several came from prominent families.

Sex rings involving white teenage girls and Negro procurers have also been uncovered in Portland, Ore.

In Miami, police have cracked down on a house of prostitution where Negro boys and girls could "while away an hour" for \$1.25. The rates had recently been raised from 75c. According to the county welfare department, nine out of ten of the unwed mothers who applied for aid in the county last year became pregnant during such assignations.

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